State-Dereved For Release 2001/10/22: CIA-RDP65B00383R000200050023-2 Urged in Senate Study

By DAVID S. BRODER Glar Mall Writer

A Benete subcommittee study singes strengthening the role of the Socretary of State in the national security field and singrests that he spend most of his time at his deak in Washington.

Chairman Jackson, Demecrat of Washington, of the Subcommittee on National Policy Machinery, gave his indorsement to the study which upholds the State Department whiel in the traditional role as the President's "first adviser en all international problems.

in often colorful language. the report recommends closer liaison lighteen the Peniagon and Poeer Bettom, the aboliinterdepartmental committees and steps to improve the training of top State Department staffers.

It said much of the Secretry of Male's effectiveness depends upon his being in Washington and recommended ways to ease the burden of travel and negotiating that took 'resent Secretaries . away from their home have

Complexities Noted

The central theme of the study is that "strengthening the traditional means of executive power," specifically the office of the Secretary of State, is a better way of coping with the complexities of international affairs than resort to "a new super-cabinet official or a super-staff White House agency for national accurity."

The Secretary of State, the study said, "must be willing to assert his proper jurisdiction and exercise full leadership across the whole front of national security matters, as they relate to foreign policy."

Its major recommendations include:

State-Defense Relations. The necessary "full and sympa-thetic partnership" at all levels will be still-born unless the two Secretaries themselves set its tone and style. They need, frequent and unhurried apportenities to talk together, think together and plan together. Specifically, the two Secre-President on the whole politimi-military world picture early in the annual budgetary cycle before over-all ceffings of spending are established

Interdepertmental Committees. The report said bluntly, committees serve no mechi purpose" and should be abol-lahed by the Budget Bureau To strengthen the State Department's weakening position in the gray and bloodless ground of bureaucratic war-fair an interdepartmental schmittees, State should, in most cases involving foreign noticy matters, provide the shairman of the committee and given responsibility for directing execution of decisions.

State Department training. The report said State should emulate the example of the method services and give broader training and experience to eareer officials who may some day be dealing with major national security problems. Lateral transfers between agencies should be encouraged; the jet exchange program that has Defense abould he broadened th include the Central Intel-ligence Agency, Treasury, the Atomic Energy Commision and the Budget Bureau, and more

career people shouldd be en-l rolled. More of them should be sent to Government advanced training schools and private universities.

Other Improvements .

State Department Staff. In addition to its crops of diplomats, the State Department needs more staff members with comptence in military and scientific-technical problema and more with executive training, the report said. It added that the integration of the departmental and foreign services the so-called Wristonization of 1954 - has made the department "a less congenial home for specialists" and they need greater incentive and reward. The Policy Planning Staff heeds to be improved and sions administration is needed with outside experts and reetarch organizations.

Helping the Secretary. The report said the Secretary of State needs relief from his travel and negotiating duties. It indorsed the use of ambasiato indused the use of ambasia-dors-at-large and special rep-resentatives with unique com-take ever some of the core-petence in such fields as arms montal dition the Bestsaup of control and space. If she suc- State and his foreign countergests convening as rests convening as interna parts are now believe to a tional profocol senietence to form.

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